CLAIMS:

- 1. A method for analyzing pulmonary three-dimensional CT data, wherein the three-dimensional CT data include a plurality of two-dimensional slice images consisting of image elements, wherein values of the image elements correspond to Hounsfield units, the method comprising the steps of: loading the three-dimensional CT data; and performing a detection of ground glass opacities in the plurality of two-dimensional slice images of the three-dimensional CT data on the basis of a texture analysis.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the texture analysis includes the step of:
  determining a typical Hounsfield value of a local pulmonary parenchyma on the basis of
  a peak of a texture based roughness-histogram.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the texture analysis includes the steps
  of:
   computing a typical parenchyma Hounsfield value for the lung; and marking all areas in
   the lung area with a Hounsfield value higher than the typical parenchyma Hounsfield
   value.
- 20 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the texture analysis includes the steps of: determining first image elements in the plurality of two-dimensional slice images belonging to the lung by performing a segmentation of the lung from in the plurality of two-dimensional slice images; and determining second image elements from the first image elements; wherein the second image elements belong to a solid structure.
  - 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the determination of the second image

elements belonging to a solid structure includes the steps of: a) determining a third starting image element of the first image elements; b) determining 8 directly neighbouring image elements for the third starting image element; c) determining a fourth image element of the 8 directly neighbouring image elements having the highest Hounsfield value; d) choosing the fourth image element having the highest Hounsfield value as new third starting image element and iteratively repeating steps a) to d).

- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein the texture analysis includes the steps of:
- determining fifth image elements which are part of the first image elements but not part of the second image elements. Sampling sixth image elements in a neighbourhood of each of the fifth image elements; determining a roughness histogram on the basis of the fifth and sixth image elements; accumulating the roughness histogram; determining a peak value of a peak in the accumulated roughness histogram; entering the peak value into a list structure in case the value exceeds a Hounsfield value of approximately -700 HU; and determining ground glass opacities in the lung from pulmonary three-dimensional CT data on the basis of the list structure.
- 7. Image processing device, comprising: a memory for storing pulmonary three-dimensional CT data, wherein the three-dimensional CT data include a plurality of two-dimensional slice images consisting of image elements, wherein values of the image elements correspond to Hounsfield units; and an image processor for analyzing the pulmonary three-dimensional CT data, which image processor is adapted to perform the following operation: loading the three-dimensional CT data; and performing a detection of ground glass opacities in the plurality of two-dimensional slice images of the three-dimensional CT data on the basis of a texture analysis.
  - 8. The image processing device of claim 7, wherein the texture analysis includes the following operation: determining a typical Hounsfield value of a local pulmonary parenchyma on the basis of a peak of a texture based roughness-histogram.
  - 9. The image processing device of claim 7, wherein the texture analysis

includes the following operation: computing a typical parenchyma Hounsfield value for the lung; and marking all areas in the whole lung area with a Hounsfield value higher than the typical parenchyma Hounsfield value.

5 10. Computer program for analyzing pulmonary three-dimensional CT data, wherein the three-dimensional CT data include a plurality of two-dimensional slice images consisting of image elements, wherein the image elements correspond to Hounsfield units wherein, when the computer program is executed on a computerized image processing device, the computer program causes the computerized image
 10 processing device to perform the following operation: loading the three-dimensional CT data; and performing a detection of ground glass opacities in the plurality of two-dimensional slice images of the three-dimensional CT data on the basis of a texture analysis.